
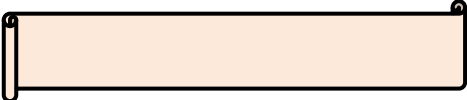



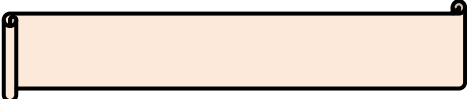




Represent the following division equations as repeated subtraction.


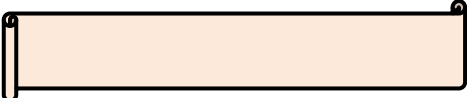
For example :  $12 \div 4 = 3 \rightarrow 12 - 4 - 4 - 4 = 0$

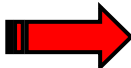

1.  $35 \div 7 = 5$   


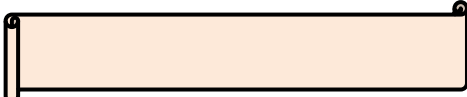
2.  $50 \div 25 = 2$   



3.  $42 \div 7 = 6$   


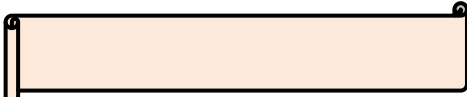
4.  $64 \div 8 = 8$   



5.  $51 \div 17 = 3$   

6.  $42 \div 14 = 3$   

7.  $56 \div 7 = 8$   

8.  $81 \div 9 = 9$   

9.  $55 \div 11 = 5$   

10.  $40 \div 10 = 4$   



## Answers

### WORKSHEET#4

1)  $35-7-7-7-7-7=0$

2)  $50-25-25=0$

3)  $42-7-7-7-7-7-7=0$

4)  $64-8-8-8-8-8-8-8=0$

5)  $51-17-17-17=0$

6)  $42-14-14-14=0$

7)  $56-7-7-7-7-7-7-7=0$

8)  $81-9-9-9-9-9-9-9=0$

9)  $55-11-11-11-11=0$

10)  $40-10-10-10=0$